



Angular

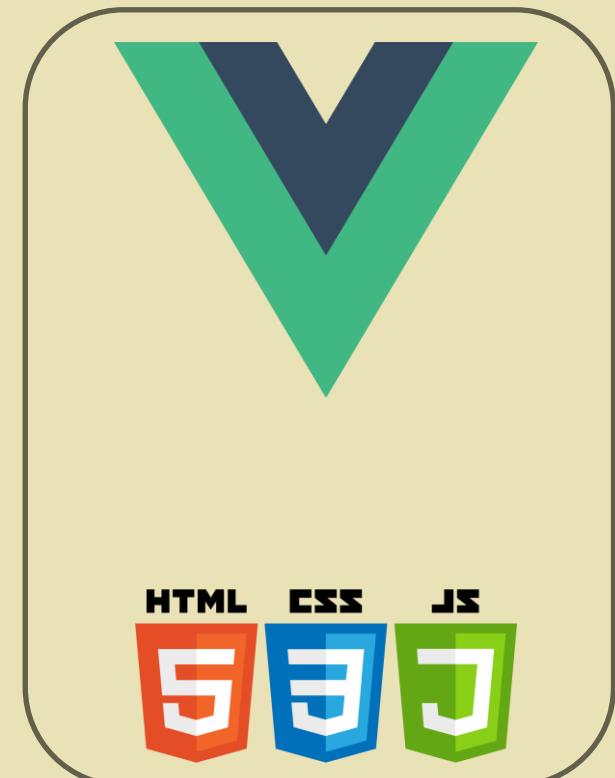
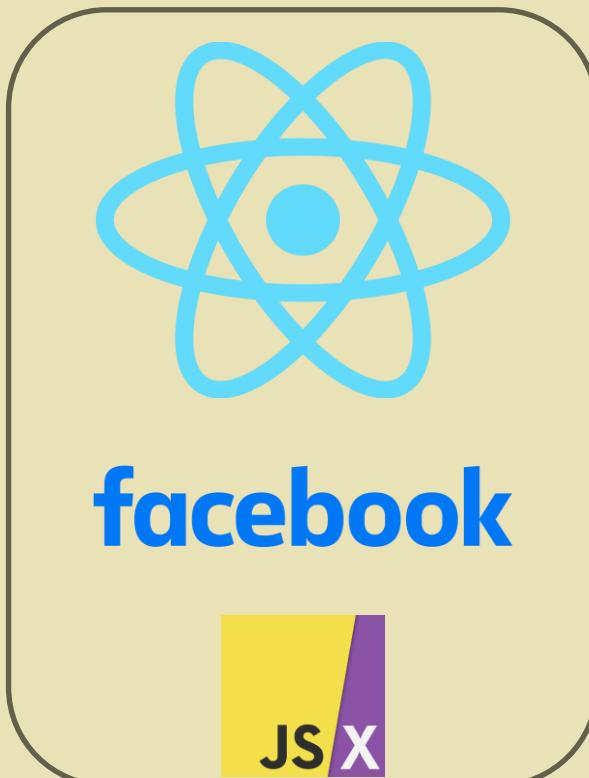
Programiranje internet aplikacija

Elektrotehnički fakultet, Univerzitet u Beogradu

2024/2025

Uvod

- Front-end JavaScript framework
- Najpoznatiji:



Angular

- TypeScript – proširuje JavaScript tipovima
- Glavni koncepti
 - NgModules
 - Komponente
 - Two-way binding
 - Servisi
 - Dependency injection
 - Rutiranje
- Single page aplikacija

Instalacija, kreiranje i pokretanje aplikacije

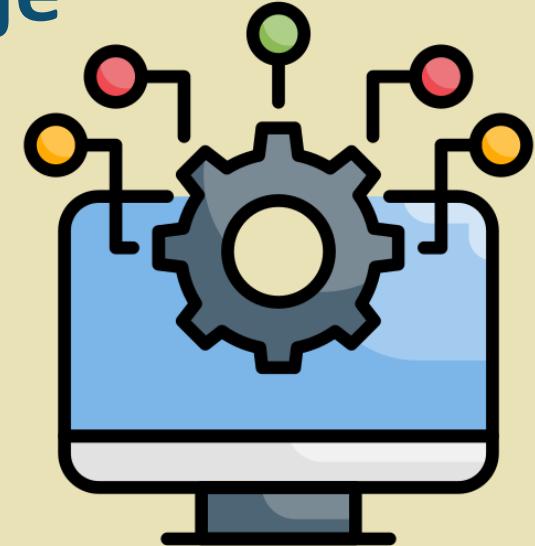
- Node.js (20.17.0)
 - <https://nodejs.org/dist/v20.17.0/>
 - Node package manager

```
npm install -g @angular/cli@18.2.5
```

```
ng new naziv_aplikacije
```

- style – CSS
- Do you want to enable Server-Side Rendering (SSR) and Static Site Generation (SSG/Prerendering)? No

```
npm start
```



Struktura aplikacije

```
✓ app
  > .vscode
  > node_modules
  > public
  > src
    ⚙ .editorconfig
    ⚡ .gitignore
    {} angular.json
    {} package-lock.json
    {} package.json
    ⓘ README.md
    {} tsconfig.app.json
    TS tsconfig.json
    {} tsconfig.spec.json
```

```
✓ src
  ✓ app
    # app.component.css
    ↗ app.component.html
    TS app.component.spec.ts
    TS app.component.ts
    TS app.config.ts
    TS app.routes.ts
    ↗ index.html
    TS main.ts
    # styles.css
```

Interpolacija

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-root',
  standalone: true,
  imports: [],
  templateUrl: './app.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./app.component.css']
})
export class AppComponent {
  appTitle = 'app';
}
```

```
<h3>Welcome {{appTitle}}</h3>
```



Kreiranje komponenti, servisa i rutiranje

- Kreiranje komponenti

```
ng generate component component_name  
(ng g c component_name)
```

- Kreiranje servisa

```
ng generate service service_name  
(ng g s service_name)
```

- Rutiranje

```
import { Routes } from '@angular/router';
import { AboutComponent } from './about/about.component';
import { BooksComponent } from './books/books.component';
import { WritersComponent } from './writers/writers.component';

export const routes: Routes = [
  {path: "about", component: AboutComponent},
  {path: "books", component: BooksComponent},
  {path: "writers", component: WritersComponent}
];

import { Component } from '@angular/core';
import { RouterLink, RouterOutlet } from '@angular/router';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-root',
  standalone: true,
  imports: [RouterLink, RouterOutlet],
  templateUrl: './app.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./app.component.css'
})
export class AppComponent {
  title = 'app';
}
```

```
<h3>Welcome {{title}}</h3>
<a routerLink="/about">About</a> |
<a routerLink="/books">Books</a> |
<a routerLink="/writers">Writers</a>
<router-outlet></router-outlet>
```

Direktive

Klase koje definišu strukturu i ponašanje

- **Direktiva komponenta** – direktive sa šablonom
- **Strukturalne direktive** – direktive koje manipulišu elementima u DOM-u
 - *ngFor, *ngIf, *ngSwitch
 - @for, @if, @else, @switch
 - Jedna strukturalna direktiva po elementu
- **Atributske directive** – direktive koje manipulišu izgledom elemenata u DOM-u

Filteri (*pipes*)

Specijalni operatori koji omogućavaju transformaciju podataka

Ugrađeni:

- CurrencyPipe
- DatePipe
- LowerCasePipe
- ...

```
<p>
```

The event will occur on
{*scheduledOn* | date | uppercase }.

```
</p>
```

```
<p>
```

The event will occur at
{*scheduledOn* | date:'shortDate' }.

```
</p>
```

Mogu se kreirati i filteri za specifične potrebe

One-way binding

- **Interpolacija**
- **Property binding**

```
<img alt="item" [src]="itemImageUrl"> HTML  
itemImageUrl = "img/newImage.jpg"; TS
```

- **Attribute binding**

```
<button type="button" [attr.aria-label]="actionName">  
    {{actionName}} with Aria  
</button>
```

- **Class and style binding**

```
[class.sale] = "onSale"    true, false
```

- **Event binding**

```
<button (click)="onSave()">Save</button>
```

from data source
to view target

from view target
to data source

Prosleđivanje podataka u komponentu

```
import { Component, Input } from '@angular/core';
import { Book } from '../models/book';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-bookdetails',
  standalone: true,
  imports: [],
  templateUrl: './bookdetails.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./bookdetails.component.css']
})
export class BookdetailsComponent {
  @Input() myBook: Book = new Book()
}
```

```
@for(book of allBooks; track book.name){
  <app-bookdetails [myBook]="book"></app-bookdetails>
  <hr>
}
```

Forme

- reactive vs template-driven

```
import { FormsModule }  
from '@angular/forms'
```

```
<form>  
  <input type="text" name="param" [(ngModel)]="searchParam">  
  <button (click)="search()">Search</button>  
</form>
```

Two-way binding



Povezivanje sa backend-om

- ProvideHttpClient

```
import { provideHttpClient } from  
'@angular/common/http';  
  
export const appConfig: ApplicationConfig = {  
providers: [provideZoneChangeDetection({  
eventCoalescing: true }), provideRouter(routes),  
provideHttpClient()]};
```

- HttpClient

```
import { HttpClient }  
from '@angular/common/http'  
  
private http = inject(HttpClient)
```

- Uz pomoć HttpClient-a šaljemo HTTP zahteve ka backend-u, a kao odgovor dobijamo Observable
- Observable se izvršava tek kada se na njega subscribe-ujemo

Guards

```
export const authenticationGuard : CanActivateFn = (route, state) => {
  const oauthService: AuthService = inject(AuthService);

  if (oauthService.hasAccess() ) {
    return true;
  }

  return false;
};
```

```
ng generate guard guard_name  
(ng g g guard_name)
```

```
const routes: Route[] = [
  {
    path: 'home',
    component: HomeComponent,
    canActivate: [authenticationGuard]
  }
]
```

HVALA NA PAŽNJI!